

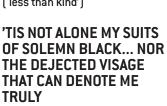
HAMLET GLOSSARY **ACT ONE** 



## A LITTLE MORE THAN KIN AND LESS THAN KIND...

p. 15: Hamlet [Act 1, Scene 2]

Hamlet's first words are a sinister riddle: because his Uncle Claudius now also calls him his son, he replies by complaining that there are too many family relationships between them ('more than kin') and too few bonds of affection ('less than kind')



p. 17: Hamlet (Act 1, Scene 2) 'It isn't just my mourning clothes... or the depressed expression on my face that can perfectly represent my inner feelings'



p. 18: Claudius (Act 1, Scene 2) 'Contrary to our wishes'



#### I THINK IT LACKS **OF TWELVE**

**BUT NO MORE LIKE** 

**HERCULES** 

p. 19: Hamlet

(Act 1, Scene 2)

MY FATHER THAN I TO

In Classical mythology, Hercules

was the strongest man in the

world, who performed twelve

tasks, or labours, each more

WEIGH WHAT LOSS YOUR

HONOUR MAY SUSTAIN IF

YOU LOSE YOUR HEART

'Consider what your reputation

will suffer if you return Hamlet's

difficult than the last

p. 27: Laertes

love'

(Act 1, Scene 3)

p. 32: Horatio [Act 1, Scene 4]

'I think it is before twelve o'clock'



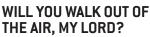


ACT TWO



### **CONCEPTION IS A BLESSING, BUT NOT AS** YOUR DAUGHTER MAY CONCEIVE

p. 57: Hamlet (Act 2, Scene 2) Hamlet is playing with two senses of 'conception', only the first of which he says is fortunate ('a blessing'): the ability to understand or comprehend (implying that Polonius is stupid), and the act of becoming pregnant



p. 58: Polonius (Act 2, Scene 2) Polonius simply asks Hamlet if he might care for a stroll in the open air to clear his head. Hamlet chooses to take him literally: starved of air, he would indeed be dead



#### **AENEAS' TALE TO DIDO,** WHERE HE SPEAKS OF **PRIAM'S SLAUGHTER**

'Wherefore' is an Elizabethan

**BUT WHEREFORE I** 

**KNOW NOT** 

p. 62: Hamlet

word for 'why'

[Act 2, Scene 2]

p. 69: Hamlet (Act 2, Scene 2) Hamlet is referring to the Roman poet Virgil's epic poem The Aeneid, in which its shipwrecked hero Aeneas describes to Queen Dido the destruction by the Greeks of his home city of Troy, and the death of Priam, the Trojan King









HAMLET GLOSSARY ACT THREE



## DID YOU ASSAY HIM TO ANY PASTIME?

p. 75: Gertrude (Act 3, Scene 1)
'Did you manage to persuade him
to relax and do something fun?'



#### I DID ENACT JULIUS CAESAR. I WAS KILLED IN THE CAPITOL... BRUTUS KILLED ME

p. 92: Polonius (Act 3, Scene 2)

The actor playing Polonius in the original performance of Hamlet may in fact have played Julius Caesar in Shakespeare's recent play about his assassination, stabbed to death on the steps of the Senate House in ancient Rome (although Polonius doesn't know it, much the same thing is about to happen to him...)



# TO BE OR NOT TO BE... THAT IS THE QUESTION

p. 78: Hamlet
(Act 3, Scene 1)
This is one of the most famous
speeches in Shakespeare: a
private monologue (or 'soliloquy')
addressed to the audience in
which the hero confides his
innmermost thoughts and
worries. This one asks one of the
most profound questions anyone
can ask of themselves: Is life
worth carrying on with?



#### IT WAS A BRUTE PART OF HIM TO KILL SO CAPITAL A CALF THERE

p. 92: Hamlet (Act 3, Scene 2)

Hamlet makes a number of puns: it was Brutus's *brutal rôle* in that play to *butcher* such an *excellent idiot* 



#### YOU JIG, YOU AMBLE AND YOU LISP AND MAKE YOUR WANTONNESS YOUR IGNORANCE

p. 83: Hamlet (Act 3, Scene 1)

Hamlet's sense of betrayal leads him to accuse Ophelia of leading him on (or at least he pretends that he feels that way), suddenly now turning on the graceful way she dances, walks, and speaks – presumably all the things he once liked about her. His last six words mean something like 'And you pretend you don't know what you're doing when you come on to me'



# FOR O, FOR O, THE HOBBY-HORSE IS FORGOT!

p. 95: Hamlet (Act 3, Scene 2)

Hamlet is quoting an Elizabethan catch-phrase about memory: we might say something along the lines of elephants never forgetting — but a 'hobby-horse' was also a theatrical prop in May Day games and morris-dances (the 'horse's' body, with head and tail, being worn like a harness over the shoulders)



# THOSE THAT ARE MARRIED ALREADY... ALL BUT ONE SHALL LIVE

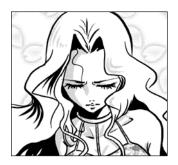
p. 84: Hamlet (Act 3, Scene 1)

The 'one' married person Hamlet refers to here is probably his hated Uncle Claudius



## YOU ARE A GOOD CHORUS, MY LORD

p. 99: Ophelia (Act 3, Scene 2)
In Shakespeare's theatre, the 'chorus' of a play would give a speech to introduce it to the audience (is Ophelia letting him know that she now understands?)



# THAT SUCKED THE HONEY OF HIS VOWS

p. 84: Ophelia (Act 3, Scene 1)
Ophelia means that the loving words Hamlet has previously given her have been as sweet as honey



# WHAT IS YOUR CAUSE OF DISTEMPER?

p. 103: Rosencrantz (Act 3, Scene 2)
Rosencrantz asks Hamlet a question (= 'What is it that has made you feel out of sorts in this way?') that goes to the heart of the play — and to all our hearts

HAMLET GLOSSARY **ACT THREE** 



#### **CALL ME WHAT** INSTRUMENT YOU WILL, THOUGH YOU CAN FRET **ME... YOU CANNOT PLAY UPON ME!**

p. 105: Hamlet [Act 3, Scene 2] Hamlet warns his so-called friends that they can't manipulate him - for all that they both irritate (or fret) him and also seek to treat him like the neck of a guitar by fitting him with the ridges (or frets) with which to change chords



## (Act 3, Scene 4) 'Tell him his childish behaviour has been grossly unacceptable... and that you yourself have protected him from getting into hot water because of it'

p. 121: Gertrude

AND HIM

p. 113: Polonius

**TELL HIM HIS PRANKS** 

HAVE BEEN TOO BROAD

**BETWEEN MUCH HEAT** 

TO BEAR WITH... AND THAT

YOUR GRACE HATH STOOD



#### **NEVER ALONE DID THE** KING SIGH, BUT WITH A **GENERAL GROAN**

p. 108: Rosencrantz (Act 3, Scene 3) Rosencrantz is making the point (a commonplace of Shakespeare's time) that the health and welfare of the entire nation depends on the well-being of its king (or queen)



#### THIS IS THE VERY **COINAGE OF YOUR BRAIN**

(Act 3, Scene 4) 'Coinage' means invention or fabrication (Hamlet's brain being likened to the heated furnace of a mint used in the production of coinsl

#### **ACT FOUR**



#### THE BODY IS WITH THE KING. BUT THE KING IS NOT WITH THE BODY

p. 126: Hamlet (Act 4, Scene 2) Hamlet is making another riddling joke, but no one has yet quite worked out what he means



#### AND THOU MUST CURE ME

p. 131: Claudius (Act 4, Scene 3) In the first version Shakespeare wrote of the play, he included an extra scene here (act 4, scene 4), in which Hamlet, in the custody of Rosencrantz and Guildenstern, meets a Captain in Fortinbras's approaching army, and then rebukes himself for not being more decisive ('How all occasions do inform against me...'). Shakespeare later cut it in



## **NOT WHERE HE EATS, BUT** WHERE HE IS EATEN

p. 128: Hamlet (Act 4, Scene 3) As Shakespeare's full text explains, Hamlet means that Polonius's body is now food for 'worms' or 'maggots'



### AND, ENGLAND, EFFECT THE PRESENT DEATH OF HAMLET! DO IT, ENGLAND!

p. 131: Claudius (Act 4, Scene 3) By 'England', Claudius here means the king of England





**HAMLET GLOSSARY** ACT FOUR







#### THEY SAY THE OWL WAS A **BAKER'S DAUGHTER**

p. 134: Ophelia [Act 4, Scene 5] After the riddling speeches of Hamlet's pretended insanity, Ophelia has now been driven mad for real, speaking 'things in doubt [= with no obvious meaning] that carry but half sense', as Gertrude has just been warned (p. 132)

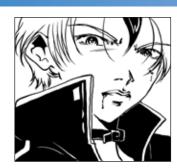
#### WHEN SORROWS COME. THEY COME NOT SINGLE SPIES, BUT IN BATTALIONS

p. 136: Claudius (Act 4, Scene 5) This is Claudius's version of the saying 'It never rains but it pours', and imagines an invading army - like that of the Norwegian Fortinbras, who will eventually succeed to the Danish throne

#### THE PEOPLE MUDDIED IN THEIR THOUGHTS AND WHISPERS FOR **POLONIUS' DEATH**

p. 136: Claudius (Act 4, Scene 5)

'The restless population agitated by rumours and suspicions over Polonius's death.' (Claudius is demonstrating his political instincts)





#### "THEY HAVE DEALT WITH ME LIKE THIEVES OF MERCY"

p. 147: Hamlet (Act 4, Scene 6)

'Their kind treatment of me has transformed their criminality into virtue.' (Hamlet's letter shows his characteristic love of paradox)

#### I WILL WORK HIM TO AN **EXPLOIT NOW RIPE IN MY** DEVICE

p. 151: Claudius (Act 4, Scene 7) 'I'll persuade him into a plot whose design is now maturing in my mind.' This is the first mention of the duel – with poisoned swords - which is shortly to supply the play with its bloody climax

#### I'LL ANOINT MY SWORD WITH AN UNCTION OF A MOUNTEBANK...

p. 154: Laertes (Act 4, Scene 7) 'I'll dip the point of my sword in some poisonous ointment that I'll get from a passing quack'





## **ALAS, POOR YORICK!**

p. 163: Hamlet (Act 5, Scene 1) Hamlet's words over Yorick's

skull may reflect Shakespeare's own feelings about the great Elizabethan comedian Richard Tarleton, who died in 1588, and whose 'gibes' (= wisecracks) the playwright may have enjoyed in person



p. 164: Priest (Act 5, Scene 1) Since Ophelia seems to have committed suicide, the Priest is objecting to Ophelia's burial in sanctified ground



#### THEY DID MAKE LOVE TO THIS EMPLOYMENT

p. 172: Hamlet (Act 5, Scene 2)

'They knew what they were doing when they agreed to act as the King's agents - and they loved doing it'





**HAMLET GLOSSARY ACT FIVE** 



#### THE KING, SIR, HAS **WAGED THAT IN A DOZEN** PASSES BETWEEN YOU AND HIM, HE SHALL NOT **EXCEED YOU THREE HITS**

p. 175: Osric (Act 5, Scene 2) Claudius's – typically tortuous - bet is that after twelve bouts or rounds of fencing ('passes'), Laertes's total of successful blows ('hits') on Hamlet will not exceed Hamlet's total of blows on him by more than three (in the event, of course, the exhibition match degenerates into a bloody duel). 'Foils' - mentioned by



#### A HIT! A VERY PALPABLE HIT!

same as 'rapiers'

p. 181: Osric (Act 5, Scene 2) This line ('palpable' = definite) is one of the very many in Hamlet that have passed into the language ('For this relief much thanks', 'In my mind's eye', 'Neither a borrower nor a lender be', 'To thine own self be true', 'Something is rotten in the state of Denmark' — and that's just the first act)

